

E³Point® Gas Monitor - Quick Start Guide

English
179920722 Product Manual 2014

The E³Point gas detection system combines a gas sensor (electrochemical or catalytic type), a control unit, a relay, and RS-485 in one reliable and robust product. The polycarbonate housing is resistant to rust, dents, and corrosion. It is well suited for commercial use in certain outdoor environments and indoor environments such as parking garages and mechanical rooms.

Installation

The main installation considerations are height and detection objectives. If the primary application is the fastest possible leak detection, mount the sensor near the potential leak sources. As a result, the indicated concentration may not be representative of personnel exposure. If the primary application is to detect and maintain a safe atmosphere, the sensor may be located in certain areas of a facility. The local air currents should be assessed when selecting a sensor location. Air convection is often more important in determining gas concentration areas than vapor density factors. As a rule, at least one sensor should be located close to each point where an emission is likely to occur. The detector must be easily accessible for calibration and maintenance.

If personnel protection is the primary application, mount the unit in the "breathing zone" (3.5 to 5 ft., 1.0 to 1.5m) from the ground, within the range of a person's respiration area. Protect the sensor from water, wash-down, and excessive humidity. To prevent electrical interference, keep sensor and wire runs away from mercury vapor lights, variable speed drives, and radio repeaters. Protect the sensor from physical damage (fork lifts, etc.). Do not mount the sensor over a door in a refrigerated area. For critical locations, more than one sensor should be installed in a ceiling or on a vibrating surface.

Never mount the sensor flat on a ceiling or on a vibrating surface.

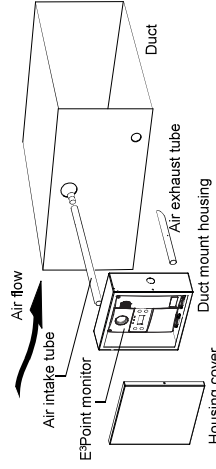
Detected Gas	Relative Density (air = 1)	Installation Height
CO	Carbon monoxide 0.968	1-1.5 m (3.5-5 ft.) from floor
H ₂	Hydrogen sulfide 1.19	30 cm (1 ft.) from floor
NO _x	Nitrogen dioxide 1.58 (cold)	30 cm (1 m) (1-3 ft.) from ceiling
O ₂	Oxygen 1.43	1-1.5 m (3.5-5 ft.) from floor
Combustibles		

Most combustibles are heavier than air, with the exception of methane. If the primary application is to detect and maintain a safe atmosphere, the sensor and its air intake should be installed approximately 30 cm (1 ft) from the floor. For combustibles that are lighter than air, sensors should be installed 30 cm (1 ft) from the ceiling, close to the potential leak source.

* May differ in certain applications. Hot NO_x from exhaust systems is lighter than ambient air.

Duct Mounting

The E³Point gas detector must be duct mounted using the custom housing provided with the duct mount version. All of the components housed within the housing are factory assembled. Gas detection in ducts works best for airflow between 500-1000 fpm.

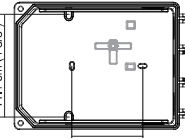


1. Measure and mark the holes for intake and exhaust tubes.
2. Drill the holes in the duct for the sampling tubes (1 1/2 in. (38 mm) for the air intake tube, 1/2 in. (13 mm) for the air exhaust tube).
3. Affix intake and exhaust tubes to the duct mount housing.
4. Insert the tubes into the holes in the duct.
5. Orient the air holes on the air intake tube to face the airflow.
6. Attach the housing to the duct with four 8 x 3/4" galvanized or zinc-plated sheet metal screws (not provided).
7. Remove one of the knockouts (depending on where cables will enter the housing) and affix appropriate conduit.
8. Run wiring through the conduit and the housing to the monitor.
9. Connect the wires (see the appropriate section below).
10. Screw the cover onto the monitor and replace the housing cover.

Wall Mounting

Mounting is usually done on concrete walls or columns, but the unit can be mounted on any vertical surface or to a standard electrical cabinet. The unit should be mounted on the back to allow positive air flow behind the housing without affecting the unit. Mounting holes are located inside the housing.

1. Open the unit and drill the holes, as shown in the illustration; 10-3/8" (11.1 cm) apart if mounting directly on a wall or with the height 3.281" (8.3 cm) for electrical boxes. Do not remove the PCB board when removing knockouts.
2. Mount the unit securely using appropriate screws and anchors. The unit is designed to use #6 screws.
3. Tighten to 8.7 in-lb (1 Nm) maximum.
4. Close the unit cover and tighten the cover screws to 29.7 in-lb (3 Nm).



Wiring

Power wiring must comply with all applicable codes, but never should be less than #20 AWG. Shielding should be #14 or #12. Shielding and wiring should be done with #20-24 AWG shielded twisted pair cable. Shielding should be #20 AWG. Shielding should have no more than 2,000 ft. (600 m) of #22 AWG wire. Smaller gauge sizes are limited by the same resistance limit. Power wiring should never be less than #20 AWG. 120 VAC wiring should be #14 or #12 AWG. Power wiring is grounded at the screw and nut on the grounding plate inside the case.

Wiring Standalone Units

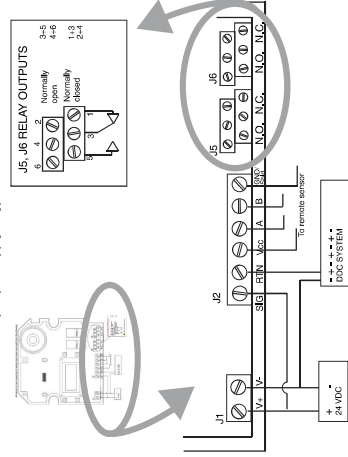
Ground the shield at the main control panel. Connect the shield wire in the sensor terminal block labeled "shield." Tape all exposed shield wire at the sensor to insulate it from the enclosure.

Electrical Power: 24 VDC/VAC nominal, 0.35 amp maximum. Either AC or DC may be connected to the terminal block.

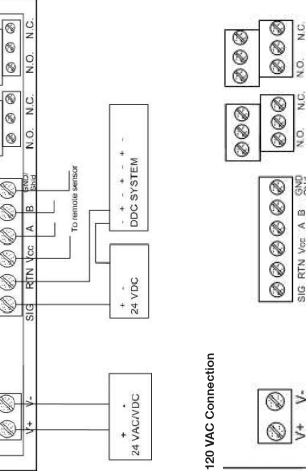
Output: Circuit board mounted sensor provides a linear 4-20 mA output. Monitoring Circuit Board Connections: Connect the power wiring to terminal J1, communication wiring to terminal J2, and external devices (ventilators, strobes, etc.) to relay terminals J5 or J6.

Relay Output: 2 DPDT relays, 5A @ 250VAC

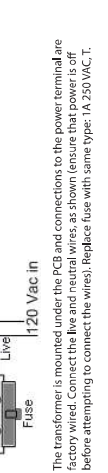
3-Wire Current Sink Output (DC supply only)



4-wire Current Sink Output



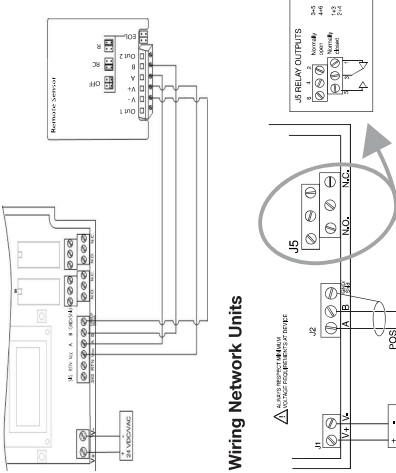
120 VAC Connection



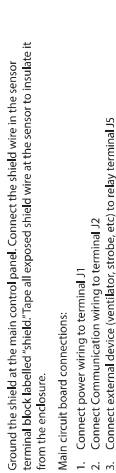
Connecting a Remote to the Main Unit

Signal wiring should be done with #20-24 AWG shielded twisted pair cable Belden 9841 or similar. Remote sensors should have no more than 200 ft. (61 m) of #22 AWG wire. Smaller gauge sizes are limited by the same resistance limit.

The OUT1 and OUT2 connectors on the remote sensor's terminal are not used. Do not connect wires to these locations.



Wiring Network Units



User Interface

The E³Point gas monitor is equipped with a 2-line, 8-character LCD screen that displays reading information and serves as an interface for programming functions and calibration.

Enter key: confirms selections and provides access to the programming menus. **Escape key:** cancels modifications and exits menus.

Navigation controls: increment/decrement values and allow scrolling through menus (built-in or remote). **Navigation controls:** increment/decrement values and allow scrolling through menus (built-in or remote).

LED Indicators: indicate modifications and exits menus. **LED Indicators:** indicate modifications and exits menus.

LED Indicators	Description	Display Modes
1	Power Standalone: Built-in Sensor Network Sensor Alarm A	Always on = Normal operation Always off = microcontroller fault or no power Flashing (twice per second) = self test Always on = Alarm A triggered Slow blink (once per second) = Alarm B/C triggered Fast blink (4 times per second) = Fault Always off = normal operation
2	Standalone: Remote Sensor Network Transmitt	Always on = Alarm A triggered Fast blink (once per second) = Alarm B/C triggered Always off = normal operation Always on when transmitting, blinks for communication Always off = normal operation

Detection Ranges and Alarm Levels

Gas Detected	Range	Alarm A	Alarm B	Alarm C	Maximum Overload
CO	Carbon monoxide	0-250 ppm	25 ppm	100 ppm	225 ppm
H ₂	Hydrogen sulfide	0-50 ppm	10 ppm	15 ppm	20 ppm
NO _x	Nitrogen dioxide	0-10 ppm	0.7 ppm	2 ppm	9 ppm
O ₂	Oxygen	0-25%vol	19.5%vol	22%vol	100%vol
COMB	Combustibles	0-100%LEL	25%LEL	50%LEL	90%LEL

* Sensor exposure to gas concentration that may result in permanent damage to the sensor.

Limited Warranty

The E³Point gas detector is warranted for 12 months from the date of purchase. The warranty is limited to the original purchaser and is non-transferable. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer.

Exclusions: The warranty does not cover damage caused by fire, flood, theft, or other causes beyond the control of the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer.

Force Majeure: The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer.

Limitation of Liability: The manufacturer shall not be liable for any consequential or special damages, including lost profits, arising out of the use of the product. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer.

Force Majeure: The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer.

Force Majeure: The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer. The warranty is void if the product is used in an application not intended by the manufacturer.

